Lincolnshire Locally Agreed Syllabus for Religious Education KS2 Additional Unit: Forgiveness

- Explore the concept of forgiveness in different religious and non-religious worldviews
- The value of forgiveness, the implications of forgiveness for the one being forgiven and the one forgiving
- Key terms: forgiveness, mercy/merciful, compassion, sin, forgiveness, repentance, reconciliation
- "To err is human, to forgive divine" (Alexander Pope) ways in which different religions reflect this view
- Christianity: the Lord's Prayer, biblical texts about forgiveness, e.g. the Parable of the Lost Son (Luke 15:11-31), forgiving seventy times seven (Matthew 18:21-22); beliefs about God as forgiving and merciful; links between the story of the Fall (Adam and Eve) and the story of Jesus' crucifixion and salvation the links between these narratives and beliefs about sin and forgiveness; examples of this in action, e.g. Archbishop Desmond Tutu and the Truth and Reconciliation Commission
- Hinduism: the relationship between forgiveness and fulfilling one's duty (dharma); forgiveness as one way of carrying out good action (karma); ahimsa (the principle of non-violence) the links between this and forgiveness, e.g. the actions of Mahatma Gandhi when people harmed him; karuna (compassion) and the way in which this links with forgiveness; seeking penance (prayascittha)
- Islam: Allah as All-Merciful (Qur'an Surat An-Nur 24:22), the All-Forgiving, the Pardoner; Hadith describing Prophet Muhammad asking God to forgive the people of Taif who had mistreated him (Al-Bukhari); shirk the unforgivable sin (worship of any other deity); distinction between divine forgiveness and human forgiveness; expectation that people will forgive (e.g. Qur'an 64.14)
- Judaism: forgiveness as a duty (*mitzvah*) e.g. Leviticus 19:17, Micah 7:18; links between this and beliefs about God as merciful; the concept of *teshuva* (repentance); Yom Kippur, the Day of Atonement
- The value of forgiveness in both religious and non-religious worldviews as a way of healing human relationships; reasons why healthy human relationships are important to individuals, communities, nations and the world
- The challenges of forgiveness for the one forgiving (e.g. having to let go of a hurt that has been caused) and the one being forgiven (e.g. being courageous enough to admit harm has been caused, having the humility to seek forgiveness, etc.)

